

WEATHER

Cloudy,
Slightly Cooler,
Moderate Winds

Daily Worker

★
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LONDON, June 18 (UP).—Powerful Red Army forces, advancing more than 15 miles in a single day, smashed through the western end of the Mannerheim Line today, captured the fortress city of Koivisto and sent a spearhead to within 17 miles south of Viborg, gateway to Finland.

Infantry and tanks, supported by pulverizing aerial and artillery barrages, crashed through the vaunted Finnish defense line in a single day and opened up the road to Viborg, capture of which brought Finnish capitulation in the 1939-40 Russo-Finnish "Winter War."

The Soviets swept forward on a 65-mile front from the Gulf of Finland to Lake Ladoga, capturing more than 100 towns and settlements on the ninth day of an offensive that now has rolled back three Finnish defense lines across the wild forest and lake country of the Karelian Isthmus.

In the last war it took the Red Army eight days to smash the Mannerheim Line in the same area and military observers here believed that the Finnish army could not stand up long under the massive Soviet hammer blows.

Spearheaded by rocket throwers
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ALLIED SUPREME HEADQUARTERS, London, June 18 (UP).—Tunisia veterans of the American Ninth Division crashed through to the west coast of the Cherbourg Peninsula on an eight-mile front today, cutting off the port of Cherbourg and trapping possibly 30,000 Germans in the greatest Allied victory since D-Day.

In a brilliant night operation, the Ninth passed through the lines of the U. S. 82nd Airborne Division in the Area of St. Jacques De Nehou and swept nine miles to the sea with tanks and other heavy equipment, despite desperate German resistance.

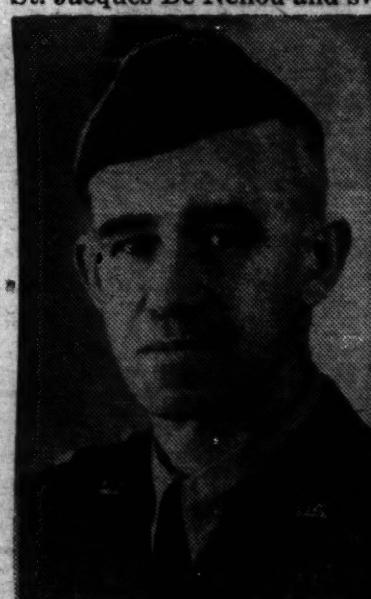
The seaside towns of Carteret, Barneville, Port Bail and St. Lo D'Ourville were captured, and enemy transport columns withdrawing through those towns from the upper peninsula were trapped and wiped out.

In other weekend advances, American troops smashed to positions less than six miles from the big road junction of S. Lo, 15 miles southeast of Carentan, and British troops took Douvres, near the coast

LT. GEN. OMAR BRADLEY

Within 24 hours after the first landings 13 days ago, Field Marshal Erwin Rommel evidently decided that the Anglo-Canadian thrust to the Caen area constituted his gravest danger and concentrated his forces there. He has been counter-attacking almost without pause and U. S. officers said it was to the everlasting glory of British and Canadian arms that the first thin lines did not bend and snap.

The enemy's preoccupation with the east flank gave Lt. Gen. Omar N. Bradley's Americans their chance. They
(Continued on Page 3)



Dies to Address Secret Confab



MARTIN DIES

By OTTO H. WANGERIN

CHICAGO, June 18.—Martin Dies, who claimed a sore throat prevented him from running for reelection as Texas congressman, will address a secret luncheon meeting under the auspices of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, in Chicago Tuesday.

Invitations to hear Dies were sent out only to members of this businessmen's group, who will convene at the swanky Stevens hotel.

The subject of Dies' address is "Un-American and Political Tie-Ups of Labor Organizations."

This secret meeting is part of the campaign by defeatists and anti-Roosevelt elements in Congress against the CIO Political Action Committee, whose activities are now being investigated by the Senate Privileges and Elections committee.

LAUD DIES

Dies is portrayed as "A courageous critic of political labor alliances... and the un-American activities of leaders of some minority groups."

"Mr. Dies, in his address,"

says the invitation, "will outline the intensive drive which many of these labor leaders are engaged in to dominate the legislative and executive branches of our government, and will point out particularly what these developments mean to industry and to business. He will have a message of genuine importance to all business executives."

In its slanderous attack on the political activities of the labor movement, the invitation continues: "Union labor leaders are raising enormous sums of money as a result particularly of policies of the War Labor Board in requiring workers to belong to labor unions and pay dues to union labor leaders before they can work in war production plants and produce war materials for the armed forces. Funds secured from the American workers are being used by many of these organized labor leaders in widespread political activities, in efforts to elect persons to public office who will do the bidding of these labor leaders."

CIO Critical of WLB Wage Case Delays

By ADAM LAPIN

WASHINGTON, June 18.—After adopting a comprehensive program for the elections at a two-day meeting of its political action committee, the CIO executive board today turned its attention to urgent home front problems.

One resolution called on the War Labor Board and Office of Economic Stabilization to "cease forthwith" reliance on the index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics as a key to the cost of living.

At the same time, the CIO voiced "most vigorous condemnation" of WLB policies in delaying action on cases and in freezing wages.

While supporting WLB as a wartime need to settle disputes, the CIO board criticized sharply the "arrogant" attitude of some WLB administrative officials.

CIO President Philip Murray appointed a committee of himself and six vice-presidents to voice these grievances against WLB procedure.

Murray, during a discussion of wage problems emphasized the strict adherence of the CIO, particularly in view of the present war situation, to labor's no-strike pledge.

Several CIO officials called attention to the growing influence of reactionary employer groups on

the WLB and some of its public members.

The chaotic handling of the Brewster Aeronautical Co. cutbacks in war orders was condemned by the board. No real action has yet been taken to provide contracts for Brewster, the CIO resolution said.

Another resolution called for the immediate passage of the Kilgore bill as the only solution for both immediate war production problems and those of reconversion.

The "crisis" in the CIO board, which PM predicted for weeks because of a proposal from West-Coast CIO leader Harry Bridges to eliminate strikes after the war, failed to materialize.

Samuel Wolchok of the United Retail, Wholesale & Department Store Employees, and other CIO officials of Social-Democratic leanings did not make the attack on Bridges that PM forecast.

Only George Baldanzi, executive vice-president of the Textile Workers of America, made a half-hearted criticism of Bridges, which Murray and the rest of the CIO leaders ignored.

Changsha Fall Imminent, But Burma Base Encircled

CHUNGKING, June 18 (UP).—Advancing Japanese forces today captured the key strongpoints of Liuyang, Chuchow and Siangtan around the embattled bastion of Changsha where the surrounded Chinese troops fought grimly but almost without hope.

Changsha still remained in Chinese hands Sunday morning, a Chinese High Command Communiqué said, but savage fighting was reported in the city's suburbs and its fall seemed imminent.

After days of heavy battle, the Japanese captured Liuyang, 38 miles east of Changsha; Siangtan, 19 miles to the southwest and Chuchow, on the Canton-Hankow railroad 22 miles below the Hunan capital.

Another large-scale battle raged at Ningsian, 31 miles west of Changsha, where fierce street fighting was reported in progress.

One Japanese plane was reported shot down in a dogfight over Changsha.

SOUTHEAST ASIA HEADQUARTERS, Kandy, Ceylon, June 18 (UP).—Chinese and American troops drove through steaming, drenching monsoon rains today to within one mile north of Mogaung, virtually encircling that city in their relentless push toward the Japanese stronghold of Myitkyina.

It was believed it would be only progressive politics.

Series on ALP Clubs To Start Tomorrow

Beginning tomorrow (Tuesday), the Daily Worker will feature a series of articles by John Meldon on American Labor Party clubs in Manhattan, Brooklyn, the Bronx and Queens. Read these forthcoming interesting and informative articles about community pioneers for



Invasion Pattern: A trio of Allied soldiers crosses railroad tracks in Carentan shortly after the Normandy town was wrested from the Germans following a series of bitter battles for its possession. Note the way the rails were twisted by shelling and bombing.

Despite Heat, City Jams Bond Rallies, Festivals

Yesterday's scorching weather sent millions to the beaches to seek relief. But thousands of New Yorkers braved the steaming temperatures and joined in bond rallies, parades, conferences and festivals.

A bond rally jammed the Mott St. area in Chinatown. In Harlem hundreds crowded a square at 136 St. and St. Nicholas Ave. as speakers in the forthcoming Negro Freedom Rally held a back-the-invasion, Fifth War Loan Mass meeting.

The Rev. Adam Clayton Powell, candidate for Congress from the 22nd C. D., and Charles H. Collins of the Negro Labor Victory Committee called for a united front of Negroes and whites to back F. D. R.'s leadership.

A parade of maritime, department store, hotel and restaurant workers, as well as furriers, Harlem Girl and Boy Scouts, the Fifteenth State National Guard and other fraternal and civic groups preceded the meeting.

HONOR FRENCH

Another parade, celebrating French Resistance Day, marched down Fifth Avenue where French WAVES, air cadets, women's groups and veterans of World War I were reviewed by Gen. Luguet of the French Aviation Mission and Mme. Rene Pleven, wife of the Provisional Government's Commissioner of Colonies.

The French parade honored General Charles de Gaulle's June 18, 1940, rallying cry: "France has lost a battle, not the war."

GERMAN MEETING

Meanwhile, at Manhattan Center the Victory Committee of German-American Trade Unionists, pledged full support to a fourth term for President Roosevelt, came out

CPA Roll Call on Now

ALL Communist Political Associations are now conducting a membership roll call and issuing new membership cards for the remaining six months of the year. Members throughout the country, who have not yet received cards are asked to get in touch with their clubs, or officers immediately. The national roll call is scheduled to conclude July 19 but most state organizations aim to finish by July 4.

All state organizations have been asked to report to the CPA national board on the progress of the roll call.

Cacchione to Speak

BALTIMORE, June 18.—Baltimore will be honored Sunday, June 23, by New York City Councilman Peter V. Cacchione, who speaks at an all-day picnic at the Finnish Picnic Grounds, 703 E. Ponca St.

Pre-Recess Musts for Congress

VITAL PIECES of unfinished business face Congress this week as it prepares to adjourn for the Republican National Convention.

In conference between the two houses is the measure to extend the Price Control Act beyond June 30. The measure as passed by both houses has several amendments, which if allowed to stand, will make price control impossible. They are the Senate Bankhead amendment and several others aimed at price enforcement. It is essential these be knocked out by the time the bill reaches the President.

Senate poltaxers aided by Republicans have thus far managed to block passage of the FEPC \$500,000 appropriation which has already passed the House. Powerful pressure is necessary to end the poltaxers' opposition to this appropriation.

On both of these measures, the people must speak up at once.

French Patriot Sabotage Blocks Nazis at Cherbourg

LONDON, June 18 (UP).—The French resistance movement has achieved considerable success in holding back the German reserves, with the Maquis giving important support to the Allied drive which severed the Cherbourg peninsula, an Allied Supreme Headquarters spokesman said today.

It was the second time within 24 hours that the Allied high command had emphasized the behind-the-lines battle of the French underground.

Simultaneously, Swiss reports told of new sabotage blows against harassed Nazi communications in France and of attacks on Nazi garrisons behind the battle zone.

The French underground was said to have extended its operations to upper Alsace, where railway lines were blown up at Belfort and Mulhouse in an apparent effort to cut off German communications with the homeland. Nazis were reported strengthening their guard along these lines with more men and arms, critically needed elsewhere.

The newspaper Gazette de Lausanne also reported increased resistance in the Vosges region and said that saboteurs had crippled the Nancy-Strasbourg line at Baconville.

In southeastern France, where the Maquis are hiding out in the Jura Mountains, the partisans were reported to have stepped up their forays against the enemy in Haute-Savoie. Ten thousand French Guerrillas, many armed with machine guns, engaged in repeated clashes with German forces there, it was reported.

The newspaper La Suisse said that patriots now were in control of the entire Abondance Valley and that resistance centers had established liaison from the Jura to the Vosges.

U.S. Seen Ready to Recognize Bolivia

WASHINGTON, June 18 (UP).—The United States has decided to recognize the government of Bolivia established six months ago by Maj. Gualberto Villarreal.

Such action, the United Press was informed, will be taken in conjunction with 18 friendly Latin American republics.

Soviet-Finn Fight Rages On Toughest Military Terrain

By M. S. HANDLER

ON THE KARELIAN Isthmus, June 17 (Correct) (UP).—To reach the vaunted Mannerheim Line the Leningrad army of Gen. Leonid Govorov smashed with lightning speed through two other powerful Finnish defense lines on the forested and rock-studded Karelian Isthmus.

A group of correspondents were permitted to view the Finnish defenses protecting the Mannerheim Line when they accompanied Eric Johnston, president of the U. S. Chamber of Commerce, on a tour of the Karelian Isthmus.

The first Finnish defense line was a system of trenches, barbed wire and timbered firing points protected by tremendous minefields and effective anti-tank obstacles on the roads including wooden cases filled with stones.

After breaking the first Finnish line the Soviets came up against what they consider to be the most formidable fortifications on the isthmus, the Raivalon-Yoki steel-reinforced concrete line stretching from the Gulf of Finland to Lake Ladoga.

The Russians feel that not even the Mannerheim line will offer the obstacles presented by the Raivalon-Yoki line, which Govorov's troops smashed on the sixth day of the Soviets' nine-day-old offensive. Exactly how difficult the Mannerheim line is will not be known until the battle develops, but Govorov now is clearing approaches to the main forts with a drenching rain of rocket shells from Russian Katushas.

The Karelian Isthmus on which the battle is taking place is probably one of the most difficult sections of terrain for military operations to be found anywhere. The Isthmus is covered by a vast forest of birch and pine and the clearings are broken by huge granite boulders.

De Gaulle Complains France Is Denied 'Full Understanding'

ALGIERS, June 18 (UP).—Gen. Charles De Gaulle, obviously rankling over the Anglo-American reluctance to recognize his regime as the provisional government of France, told the French Consultative Assembly today that France again faces the "greatest sacrifices without always finding full understanding from others."

His speech marked the fourth anniversary of the day he stood before a microphone in London with the rallying cry: "France has lost a battle, but not the war."

De Gaulle told a crowded, tri-color-decked chamber in a six-minute speech:

"We are in the dawn of victory," he said. "The light of renovation shines ahead. If the obstacles of June 1940, did not stop us, how can those remaining prevent the realization of our goal?"

Brazil Democrat Freed, Vargas Action Praised

By RODOLFO GHIOLDI

MONTEVIDEO, June 18.—President Getulio Vargas of Brazil has just granted full pardon to Pedro Motta Lima, famous anti-fascist writer and journalist who had been imprisoned in the Ilha Grande jail.

Motta Lima had been in exile in Buenos Aires when as a result of Axis piracy on the high sea, the Vargas government declared war on Germany and Italy. He returned to Brazil of his own accord, and reported to the authorities.

URGED COMPLETE UNITY

As did all his friends, Motta Lima supported the government unconditionally, believing that national defense against Nazism required complete national unity. He felt this unity must be forged around the Vargas war policy.

This pardon is regarded as the model solution of other outstanding cases, of the same nature, principally the continued incarceration of Luis Carlos Prestes, Brazil's Knight of Hope.

National unification spurred by the presidential policy, is growing in vigor. Strong organizations such as the League of National Defense, the Students Union and the labor unions are developing. Writers too, of various political beliefs, are uniting

now, under the leadership of Jorge Amado, the novelist.

Because of its anti-Hitler decision, its economic strength, its human weight, and its military power, Brazil becomes the focal point for South American unity and defense.

The pardon of Motta Lima, and the expectation of other such acts, raises hopes throughout the Americas and consolidates the hemispheric unity which is so needed, now that the second front in Europe demands that any maneuvers or intrigues for diversionist purposes be halted.

The Vargas' decree is a severe blow to the pro-fascist Brazilian "Integralists" and the fifth column. It is a great act of an anti-Nazi government.

been noted in Finnish equipment and clothing and that the Soviets were taking many more prisoners than they did in the last war. The Finns were reported retreating so swiftly they did not have time to carry out any demolitions.

A Finnish bulletin reported stubborn fighting but admitted Finnish withdrawals.

In the air, the Finnish bulletin said a total of 42 planes were shot down, including 12 by German pilots.

Aerial View of Saipan: Marpi Point on the northern tip of Saipan Island, scene of the latest invasion by our Pacific forces. The Yanks have secured the beachhead and are moving inland. By capturing the island, we will bypass Truk and have airstrips 1,400 miles from Tokio.

Penetrate Perugia Rim; Gain at Elba

ROME, June 18 (UP).—British 8th Army troops, meeting increasing German opposition, have fought their way into the outskirts of the provincial capital of Perugia, 66 miles south of Florence, while French troops are driving into the newly invaded island of Elba at three points, it was announced tonight.

The British, spearheading advances from the Adriatic to the Tyrrhenian, reached Perugia, a road hub city of 37,700 on the east side of Lake Trasimeno after a 13-mile drive that moved the Allied lines 88 miles due north of Rome in two weeks.

A special communiqué meanwhile announced that on Napoleon's exile island of Elba, invaded Saturday morning by Veteran French commandos and Colonial troops, "operations continue to develop successfully." German resistance was revealed to be stiffer than anticipated but, even so, the French were beating into the rocky island from three points on the south coast.

On the Fifth Army front, reconnaissance elements fanned out on roads leading north from Grosseto. Main forces following them captured Mt. Mosciano, five miles northeast of Grosseto, and also moved 24 miles eastward to take San Fiora; on a north-south highway.

Nearly 1,100,000 young trees have been shipped in recent weeks from state nurseries to schools and community organizations for planting throughout Michigan.

Allied Advance to Coast Traps Cherbourg

(Continued from Page 1) capitalized on it in a brilliant operation which may mark the first real turning point in the battle for France. The confident air around Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower's Headquarters Sunday night could not be mistaken.

Four years to the day after the Germans occupied Cherbourg without opposition from the prostrate French, the German garrisons in the port and middle peninsula faced certain destruction unless by counter-attack the Nazi command could break the Yankee "bolt" flung across the cape.

Allied navies control the surrounding seas and the Luftwaffe cannot hope to penetrate the Allied aerial umbrella to supply or

Soviets Smash Key Finn Line

(Continued from Page 1)

ing tanks and covered by an umbrella of planes, the Soviets pushed 15 miles along the Gulf of Finland coastal railroad to capture the great lumber port and fortress city of Kotka, 22 miles southwest of Viipuri.

The Red Army broke through the Mannerheim Line, which the Germans had helped the Finns strengthen during the 31-month lull on the Karelian front, in the area of Muurila, 30 miles south of Viipuri, and Ylikirjula, 26 miles south-southeast of Viipuri.

After capturing Kotka, the Red Army men surged northward into the town of Maksimbenki, 17 miles south of Viipuri.

The breakthrough extended along the entire front. On the eastern end the Red Army drove forward six miles to take the highway junction of Rautu and the town of Valkajervi, in a drive crashing into the lakes Vuoksi-Suva eastern anchor of the Mannerheim Line.

Moscow front dispatches said that a marked deterioration had

evacuate the Cherbourg garrisons sooner or later will come in possession of a harbor spacious enough for the largest ocean liners.

The fall of Cherbourg will make the beachhead once and for all a great base from which to launch a showdown offensive.

German broadcasts, admitting

the breakthrough to the coast, said the eventuality had been foreseen and the Cherbourg troops had received equipment and supplies to make a protracted stand.

It was announced Sunday night that 15,000 German prisoners already have been captured.

Late dispatches said the Yanks were fanning out north and south along the west coast and broadening their positions around St. Sauveur-le-Vicomte where the bolt was only three miles wide and hence vulnerable to counter-attack from north and south.

It was unlikely the Germans would strike back from the north, however, since that would open the road to Cherbourg for the Americans on the east coast.

Blast Oil Plants in Germany

ALLIED SUPREME HEADQUARTERS, London, June 18 (UP).

Blasting the German army's vital oil supplies without opposition from the Luftwaffe, a powerful fleet of more than 1,300 U. S. Flying Fortresses and Liberators attacked numerous oil refineries in northwest Germany today, including several at

Hamburg.

Three important airfields in northwest Germany also were plastered in the greatest purely strategic striking force of U. S. four-engined bombers ever dispatched.

Eleven Flying Fortresses and Liberators were missing — mostly downed by the intense flak.

Radio's Town Hall A Hoax, Seldes Says

Radio's Town Meeting program is "a gigantic hoax" according to the weekly publication "In Fact" in its latest issue of June 19. Editor George Seldes, presenting documentary evidence to back his charge, declares that the program is loaded with "rigged questions" aimed at slandering labor and our allies. Reader's Digest, anti-labor, anti-administration publication, is negotiating to take over the program, Seldes reveals.

The "In Fact" article charges that not only is the Town Hall program invariably a form for notorious labor-baiters and persons hostile to the Soviet Union, but that the questions which the various commentators each week comment upon come from program managers who "do not exactly use the 'have-you-stopped-beating-your-wife' type of question, but like newspaper public opinion polls know how to frame a question which will slant the answers. It is hardly necessary to say that reaction, rather than liberalism, will be favored."

"In Fact" charges that prior to each Town Hall program, a list of 25 questions are prepared in the office of George V. Denny, Jr., who runs Town Hall and the radio Town Meeting.

Quoting five questions used during a recent broadcast to Town Meeting's 10,000,000 listeners, "In Fact" says:

"... these five are samples of hundreds of questions written in Mr. Denny's Town Hall office and planted by Mr. Denny's agents on Town Meeting employees or friends or plain stooges for the purpose of 'pointing up' the meeting, as they the attack" on the home-front

Kings ALP Assails Attack on OPA, FEPC

The American Labor Party of Kings County yesterday sharply rebuked the "selfish interest" groups in congress for their attacks on the continued existence of OPA and the FEPC, and called on all New York legislators and others interested in protecting our democracy to "back up" the attack" on the home-front

They Won 'Victory' Awards

Two attractive "Miss Negro Victory Workers for 1944" will help draw the crowds to the big Madison Square Garden meeting of the Negro Freedom Rally on Monday, June 26. Those two girls from Ford's River Rouge Plant in Detroit and the Otis Elevator shop in Yonkers are winning the hearts of New Yorkers already.

Mayor LaGuardia greets the girls at City Hall at 11:45 a.m. this morning and a round of other festivities will follow until next Monday's meeting.

Both girls are active unionists. Miss Edna Rucker, the Detroit girl, is recording secretary to the new steel foundry unit of Ford local 600, United Automobile Workers, CIO. And Miss Aurelia Carter of Yonkers is recording secretary to the Otis local 453 of the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers, CIO.

For Norman Thomas:

"Question: . . . yesterday the 'Wolna Polska' the newspaper of the Polish committee in Moscow published an editorial urging creation of a political center uniting the Poles of Russia with those in the homeland ready to enter Poland together with victorious detachments of the Polish Army and restore the liberated country to the hands of the people who will themselves decide their fate. Do you think this indicates that Russia intends to set up a regime in Warsaw friendly to her?

With too much energy to get tired she is an active member of the local's Political Action Committee and has been elected a delegate to the Michigan State Federation of Labor, and is shop editor of the Steel Foundry unit's paper Ford Facts.

Miss Carter, the other co-winner of the Negro Freedom Rally's contest, gives most of her time to union war work, after finishing a ten-hour shift as an electric arc welder.

The first Negro girl welder to work in the Yonkers plant, she takes the job in her stride, tends a victory garden in her backyard, serves on the local's Political Action Committee, on its inter-local social activities committee, helps out as a servicemen's hostess, buys war bonds, belongs to the executive committee of the American Labor Party of Yonkers,



Miss Edna Rucker, one of the two "Miss Negro Victory Workers for 1944" appearing at the Negro Freedom Rally, Monday, June 26, at Madison Square Garden, is recording secretary of the new steel foundry unit of Ford Local 600, United Auto Workers, CIO.

'White Supremacy' Is White Degradation

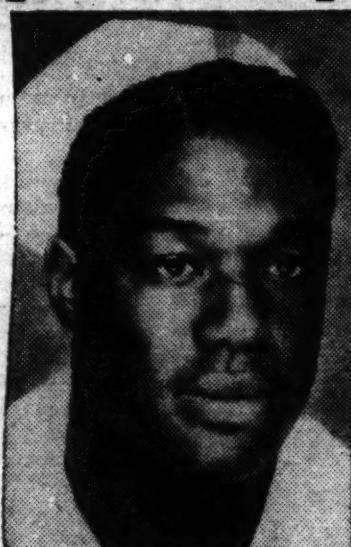
By ROBERT MINOR

On the old Texas cattle range—I mean the real range that disappeared not long after you and I were born—the way of life was adjusted to the dry climate. A tin cup half full of water was about all a man on the range could use to swab the dust off his face in the morning. There used to be a story about a man who washed his feet.

I won't tell it here for fear that it be considered in bad taste. But the way it winds up is that when he washed his feet he found several pairs of socks that he didn't know he had.

There always seemed to me to be a moral in that, when I heard it at the time I was just old enough to ride a horse, and used to go out northwest of my home at San Antonio to meet the herds of cattle coming in from the cattle range beyond Fredericksburg. The cowboys were always hot and thirsty and were glad to have us boys volunteer to help some of them drive the cattle to the stock yards a few miles away, while the rest of them galloped ahead to the saloons in the outskirts of town to wet their throats with cold beer.

If I had gone many more miles up the Fredericksburg road, I'd have come to where another boy lived, seven months younger than myself, named Chester Nimitz. Fredericksburg, a small cattle town where everyone spoke German, was founded by German immigrants in 1844 under the name "Friedrichsburg" in honor of Frederick the Great, King of Prussia. Its politics were improved by the coming of the new German immigration, the "Achtundvierziger" ('48ers), after the revolution of 1848 in Germany, so that the community became a stronghold of Sam Houston in the struggle against the slave-



DORIE MILLER
owners' movement for secession of Texas.

Chester Nimitz was a son of one of these families. Like so many boys on the dry Texas prairies, he grew up longing for life on the ocean where there is plenty of water; and he is Admiral Nimitz now. Chester Nimitz probably also rode out to meet the cowboys and helped to drive the herds when they came through Fredericksburg, though I can't prove it. However, way up northward a quarter of the way across the United States, but still in Texas, another boy, six years younger, was growing up under the name of Ike Eisenhower, and it has been published that he used to go out that way to help drive the herds of cattle. That was after his family moved to Abilene, Kansas; but it's wrong to say he is a "Kansas boy," because he was born at Denison, Tex., only 115 miles down the Red River from my Uncle Joe's ranch.

You see, Texans have a lot to do with this war.

PAST AND FUTURE

Texas is going to be a tremendously prosperous empire when the war is over, and when and if—as she will—she keeps hold of the magnificent new industrial development which is



ADM. CHESTER W. NIMITZ

thundering ahead as a part of Texas' part in the winning of the war. Texas is so big and so rich in natural resources that if all the 135,000,000 people of the United States were to move into Texas and leave the rest of this country an unpopulated land these millions could settle down to work and live comfortably—provided the economic development were well attended to—and still have less population per square mile than Massachusetts has now.

But Texas, like the rest of the world, has its contradictions. Still weighing heavily upon us is a lot of the vileness of a past that clings to its glory. Texas has a population of about 6,500,000. She has a total potential number of voters of about 3,500,000, if we judge the proportion of voters to the general population in accord with, say, that of Ohio, which has approximately the same population. But the actual number who voted in Texas in 1940 is but a few thousand above one million. That means that 2,500,000 men and women of Texas who normally and properly would vote—and who must vote if Texas is to move forward to her great destiny—are by one or another means prevented from voting.

Of the 2,500,000 who do not vote

because of the polltax and other laws as well as extra-legal pressure, about one-fifth of the disenfranchised voters are Negroes. The disenfranchisement of two million white men and women together with a half million colored men and women, is what is called "white supremacy."

This deprivation of the majority of the people of Texas of the republican form of government which is guaranteed by our Constitution is the heaviest handicap upon the future of the state. It is the greatest menace to a vast and noble empire which is doing even more than its proportionate share in this war due to something that is in Texas people. It is the greatest handicap and danger to the preservation of the great industrial development that has come to Texas, its preservation in the postwar world when the sunny skies of Texas will either look down upon the most prosperous of all the states of the Union, as it should be, being the largest, or whether Texas, and all the nation with it, faces the catastrophe of being obliged to dismantle the great and beautiful machines of industry that we have built for the war and won't know how to use to make us happy and prosperous in the peace.

This is what it means when the little clique gangs up on Texas, attempting a coup d'état to prevent even the one million voters who do vote in Texas from voting effectively for the Franklin Delano Roosevelt whose duty to stay on the job, they know, is not less imperative than that of Nimitz and Eisenhower.

WHITE DEGRADATION

"White supremacy" is the cruellest and meanest lie. "White supremacy" is white degradation. It is the enslavement and the dirtying of all mankind. It is an attempt to chain a great people to the rotting corpse of slavery. If it were solely a question of the rights of the black men who are Texans, too—the same as you and I—I would and you should be ready to give our lives for their

freedom alone, disregarding all else. But freedom has a way of never standing alone. It is typified by the fact that to disenfranchise and humiliate and impoverish a half million Texas Negroes, six million Texas white people must be degraded, impoverished and menaced with ruin.

It is not a question of whether this vile thing will go. The only question is how quickly Texas will shake off this filthy thing. And when it does, the magnificent future of Texas will emerge in our bold and clean democracy finer and richer than all that could be foreseen until now.

When the Texan Admiral Nimitz arrived at Honolulu to take command and build up the greatest fleet of warships the world has ever known, and to retrieve the disaster of Pearl Harbor, he found that a Negro mess boy, Dorie Miller, had proven himself a better American and a better man than the white Admiral—Kimmel. All of the white people of Texas must and will, if they have not yet, discover that the 900,000 Texans of Dorie Miller's race and color are better people than the political Kimmels that are trying now to drag Texas down into the sabotage of our national election in the midst of this war.

But Texas must not put a knife through the ribs of the boys who are fighting under Admiral Nimitz in the Pacific and under General Eisenhower in France and Italy. It will listen rather to such words as those spoken by Governor Sam Houston, though they were then spoken in vain, at a mass meeting in Austin in the presidential campaign of 1860.

"I come not here to speak in behalf of a united South against Lincoln. I appeal to the nation, I ask not the defeat of sectionalism by sectionalism, but by nationality. These men who talk of a united South know well that it begets a united North. Talk of frightening the North into measures by threats of dissolving the Union! It is child's play and folly."



Union Lookout

- Speaks for Dewey
- Yugoslav Seamen

by Dorothy Loeb

Now that Vincent Ferris, former secretary of the Allied Printing Trades Council has accepted a \$7,500 appointment from Gov. Dewey, he is considered an authoritative voice for the Governor. He made an heroic effort along this line in Central Trades and Labor Council last week when Jack Brennan reported on new War Manpower Commission regulations. Ferris woke up screaming. A year ago when the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill first came along, he shouted, he first saw the danger of slavery and regimentation and, lo and behold, here it is. He didn't explain why he dragged in health insurance. The new WMC plan, said he, was just plain slavery, that's all.

Brennan explained that the labor advisory committee had approved the regulations. He might have added that AFL President William Green approved them nationally and that Tom Murray, State Federation president, had done the same in New York. Tom Murtha, Central Trades President, murmured something in answer to Ferris about a World Telegram columnist. After the meeting, delegates checked the WT, they found that Westbrook Pegler was giving off with the same "slavery-regimentation" stuff as Ferris. What a \$7,500 appointment won't do!

The Yugoslav Seamen's Club has sent an unusual request to the State Department. Its 600 members, many of them members of the National Maritime Union, want two ships they can load with supplies and man without pay for delivery to Marshal Tito and the people's army of liberty. . . . A Liberty Ship has been named after Lawrence Ganelia, 29, a rank and file member of the CIO American Communications Association, who lost his life trying to get an SOS message through after his vessel was torpedoed. Ganelia's the first rank and filer so honored. . . . Daniel Kornblum has resigned as counsel to the State Labor Relations Board. William E. Grady Jr., associate counsel, succeeds him.

The CIO United Auto Workers has initiated a campaign to obtain severance pay for aircraft workers laid off through contract terminations or general production curtailment. All locals were instructed to negotiate for severance pay clauses in contracts. . . . Joint Council 13 of the CIO United Shoe Workers is making a drive to get the State Department to recognize the new Italian government. Almost two-thirds of the council's 10,000 members are of Italian birth or origin. The council is distributing thousands of copies of the Marcantonio resolution asking recognition as well as petitions calling on Rep. Sol Bloom, chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, to do everything possible.

Soviet vice-consul Stepan Z. Apresian told 120 CIO and AFL leaders a little about Russian unions last week at a Russian War Relief luncheon. He reported a membership of about 25,000,000; explained that joining is strictly voluntary and activities are independent of the state. Among those who heard him were Charles Hanson, New York State Carpenters Union president; Mrs. Betty Hawley Donnelly, State Federation of Labor vice-president, and Howard McSpedon, Building Trades Council president.

At the same luncheon, Henry C. Alexander of Russian War Relief told a little about what New York labor has contributed to help our Soviet allies. A few highlights: AFL Pocketbook Workers sent 11,922 gallons of soup. They're now making 10,000 leather bags for women in Russian armed forces. United Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers gave substantial amounts of sulfa drugs. Building Service Employees gave over 500 pairs of war work gloves. CIO Fur and Leather Workers finished thousands of fur-lined leather jackets. Many others helped, too.

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NMU in Contract With River Lines

CAIRO, Ill., June 18.—The National Maritime Union and the Federal, Mississippi Valley, American and Campbell Barge Lines have reached agreement on contracts boosting vacations to 105 days with pay a year in place of 72 days a year.

Agreements, which cover 55 vessels and almost 2,000 workers, bring a wage boost, too, because until victory, workers agreed to work three vacation days a month at double pay. Rivermen work 84 hours a week. Until a few years ago, they received no paid time off. Under these pacts, they take time off when it does not affect efficient operation.

Election of council delegates in the first four locals of Painters District Council 9, gave the supporters of secretary-treasurer Louis Weinstock eight delegates to five for the opposition.

Included are Locals 442 and 261, the main base of the opposition. The others are locals 905 and 1011. Thus it was indicated that the rank and file will win a strong majority in the council. An upset for the opposition was the election to the council of a rank and file candidate from 261 who was the chief target of the red-baiters. The Social Democrats have long considered that local as a "vest-pocket" organization.

The general election for secretary-treasurer and business agents, with members of all locals casting ballots, will take place next Saturday Weinstock is opposed by Hyman Marcal of Local 261.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Three steps facilitating swifter industrial conversion from war to civilian production were announced yesterday by Donald M. Nelson, War Production Board chairman.

War needs continue to hold the right of way over all production, Nelson emphasized, but these new orders open the way for industry to prepare for a changeover. They are:

1. Authorization to manufacturers to procure enough materials and components to make and test a single working model of any product planned for postwar production.

Application would be made to WPB regional or district offices for materials, to be supplied from surpluses or through special allocations.

2. WPB orders limiting use of magnesium and aluminum are revoked. Manufacturers will be able to fabricate these into essential end products wherever manpower is available. Except for castings, foil and forgings, stocks of aluminum now exceed war needs. The Queens Aluminum Corp. of America, a new plant, was recently closed down because of this and labor had called for steps to ease aluminum civilian use curbs.

TO PURCHASE SURPLUSES

Beginning July 1, manufacturers will be allowed to purchase machinery, tools and dies for civilian production, whenever possible from

surpluses listed with WPB and Defense Plants Corporation. If necessary, these can be bought through placing orders validated by WPB at times and under conditions preventing interference with war production.

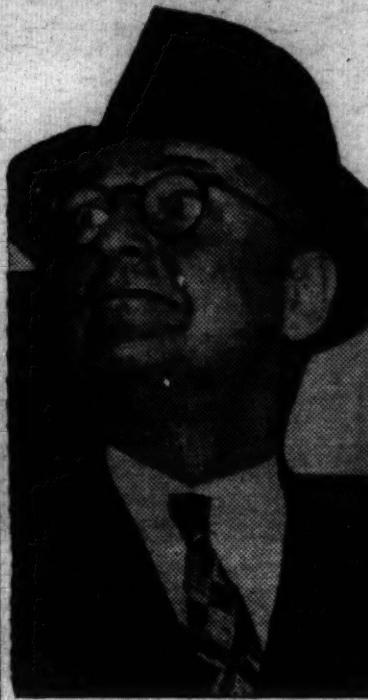
This also has been recommended by labor since the machine tool part of the war program is well advanced and conversion problems have already placed the question of employment in this field in the fore.

The "public interest" rather than the historic position of manufacturers in a given industry will be the controlling factor in giving permission for resumption of items needed for the civilian economy, Nelson said.

Recent establishment of an Office of Labor Advisory Committees as part of the WPB indicates that labor will have a voice in the administration of these first steps toward civilian production.

Under the new orders, automobiles, refrigerators, washing machines and any other products could be developed in a working model on which peacetime delivered orders could be booked.

Girdler (I Hate Labor) Pins Laurel on Dubinsky's Brow



TOM GIRDLER



DAVID DUBINSKY

President David Dubinsky of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, was singled out for high praise by Tom Girdler in a speech before the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce.

Girdler's remarks were reported in a special dispatch to Hearst's New York Journal-American — the same paper that some years ago ran a two-week-long series of articles giving Dubinsky a biographical buildup.

Girdler spoke on "some postwar problems in industry." A "fear" of labor is the big disturbing postwar thought, according to Girdler. He said that there is "a strong undercurrent of demand for regulation of labor unions" and a "public resentment towards certain union activities."

Dubinsky is singled out as an exemplary labor leader, because of his red-baiting policy.

Sidney Hillman and Philip Murray are singled out for attack.

After picturing a very much exaggerated strike wave, Girdler said, according to the Journal:

"In the case before the steel panel of the War Labor Board, the union (United Steelworkers) is seeking the destruction of the Little Steel formula. Such an event would let loose the pent up forces of wage and price inflation with serious consequences for the nation."

"I suppose that no one would say that David Dubinsky, head of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, was a labor baiter.

Yet it is a matter of public record that Dubinsky was one of the group of leaders who split off from the American Labor Party in New York on the ground that it is Communist controlled.

"The leader of the American Labor Party and the chairman of the CIO Political Action Committee is one and the same man. His name is Sidney Hillman."

After thus indicating his preference in labor leadership, Girdler concluded that "these are some of the disturbing factors in postwar outlook in labor relations."

The name of John L. Lewis, judging by its absence in the story, no longer figures as a "disturbing factor" to Girdler. At that very hour Lewis was at Hazelton, Pa., where he pictured to the miners a postwar perspective of "economic and social convulsions" that ran pretty much true to Girdler's prediction of an open shop drive. During some pre-war days, when Lewis was temporarily on the stream of advancing labor, it was Lewis who was the main "disturbing factor" to Girdler.

Girdler, on the other hand, is best remembered for his spearheading of the drive to "stop the CIO" in 1937 which was responsible for the death of 10 strikers in front of his plant at Chicago.

WPB Signals Way For Civilian Output

Rank and File Painters Gain

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Labor, Civic Leaders Endorse Marcantonio

Prominent leaders in trade unions, civic and political groups have joined the campaign to re-elect Congressman Vito Marcantonio, Eugene P. Connolly, secretary of the New York County American Labor Party, said yesterday.

Marcantonio is recognized as "the outstanding voice of labor in Congress," Connolly declared.

The fighting Congressman will be candidate for the nomination of all three parties, Democratic, Republican and American Labor from the new 18th Congressional District, in Aug. 1, primaries.

He is opposed by Tammany's choice, Congressman Martin J.

Kennedy, who has been under attack by labor for his opposition to President Roosevelt and who was the only New York Democrat to back the resolution to investigate the Commander-in-Chief in the Montgomery Ward case.

Marcantonio supporters include:

Joseph Curran, president, National Maritime Union and the New York City Industrial Union Council; Gustave Faber, head of the German American Trade Union League, City Councilman Michael Quill, president, Transport Workers Union; Jacob S. Potofsky, vice president, Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union; James V. King, president,

District Council of the State, County and Municipal Workers; Abraham Flaxner, president, SC-MW; Joseph P. Selly, president, American Communications Association; Lewis Merrill, president, United Office and Professional Workers; Saul Millis, secretary, New York Industrial Union Council.

Other leaders are Dr. Peter F. Amoroso, Commissioner of Corrections for New York City; Stanley Nowak, Michigan State Senator; George Marshall, president, National Federation for Constitutional Liberties; Frederick V. Field, executive vice president, Council for Pan American Democracy; Mr. Alvin Udell; Martin Popper, national secretary, Lawyers Guild; Leonard E. Golditch, executive secretary, National Council to Combat anti-Semitism; Miss Helen Alfred, nationally known social worker; Johannes Steel, radio commentator; Canada Lee, actor; Miss Rosalie Manning, former head of East Side House; the Rev. Adam Clayton Powell, pastor of the Abyssinian Baptist Church and Democratic ALP candidate in the new 22d Congressional District; Dr. Max Yergan, director, Council on African Affairs, and Miss Charlotte Carr, director, New York State, CIO Political Action Committee.

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Scabbing on the Real Strike

AT THE very moment that our country shows its offensive power, on the very days that dispatches report the first performance of our new B-29 Superbomber, we have the disgraceful spectacle of a strike at the plant where engines are made for this giant plane.

The strike at the immense Chicago Dodge plant involved only a small number of the employees, and it ended on the next day, but the sour taste it left will linger on for some time.

Informed people know that strikes are not the policy of responsible labor leaders. Officials of the United Automobile Workers acted quickly to end this unauthorized walkout. The UAW won collective bargaining rights for that plant only recently. It still contains enemies of unionism and disrupters of several varieties. We know that the UAW has been plagued by strike provocations from Lewisites, Trotskyists, Norman Thomas Socialists, Klansmen and Coughlinites.

But all that, unfortunately, is not known to a great part of the public. Enemies of labor, especially those who dream of discrediting unions so they won't have a progressive influence during and after the war, have been taking full advantage of what the public does not know of labor's policy and role.

It is in recognition of this that the UAW's heads recently took steps to remove from office those responsible for a strike in another Chrysler plant. Every local union is today duty-bound to watch for and ferret out the elements that are responsible for strike instigation. Moreover, every union member must assume responsibility as an individual to make sure the no-strike pledge is observed without qualification or equivocation.

The labor movement has a tradition in dealing with those who break strikes—be they officers or individuals. Scabs were never handled with silk gloves. Those who violate the no-strike pledge today are scabs and should be so treated.

We are on strike. We are striking at the Axis. When we struck at French beachheads and Japanese steel plants we opened as glorious a strike as has ever occurred in all labor history. The right of unions to exist, the further progress of labor and all humanity depends on the outcome of this strike.

The real strike is on the war fronts. To call any other kind of strike is to scab, and scabs should be treated as scabs.

The Ousting of Procope

TO INFORMED Americans the action of the State Department in handing walking papers to the Finnish minister Hjalmar Procope and three of his aides for activities "inimical to the interests of the United States" is no surprise at all.

Considering the fact that the country they represent is conducting the ultimate kind of activity "inimical" to our interests—direct military warfare—what could one have expected from them?

The State Department action is, of course, highly welcome. Frankly, though, we don't see why it is necessary to maintain even the thread of official relations that still exists between us and Finland. The cynical gesture of the Finnish government in paying its debt while helping to sink our ships and to kill our Allies is certainly no reason.

Shipping Procope out of the country will give additional encouragement to the underground forces in Finland, who have already been greatly strengthened by the Red Army offensive. It will indicate to them that we have not been fooled by the "peace negotiations" of the Finnish government, exposed by the underground as a sham designed to kid the people.

The State Department action is also a kick in the teeth to Mannerheim's assorted friends here—the Social Democratic Federation crowd, the newspaper Axis and Republican spokesmen who have been using the Finnish problem as an anti-Soviet weapon.

It is evidence that along with the increasing strengthening of the coalition on the military front, the political problems among the United Nations are being solved.

Moscow greeted the unfolding of the military coalition policy represented in the invasion of western Europe with tremendous enthusiasm. New Yorkers will celebrate that event at Madison Square Garden on June 22, too, and with it also the increased strengthening of the ties between the U.S. and the U.S.S.R. as indicated by the Procope expulsion.

Order of the Day



They're Saying in Washington

Mrs. Luce on Finland

by Adam Lapin —

I DON'T claim to be a prophet, but it wouldn't be very hard to knock out a pretty close facsimile of the plank on international cooperation which will be adopted by the Republican convention. There will be some fine phrases about the need for nations to act together to prevent another war. Then there will be some more phrases trotting out the bugaboos of an international state and the dangers to American sovereignty.



When the logic choppers and the clever writers of qualifications are all through, Chicago Tribune will claim the plank as a triumph for "nationalism." The New York Herald Tribune no doubt will point to it as a powerful statement of unswerving "internationalism."

But what will be the substance behind the verbal gymnastics? What it will mean in terms of the thought and action of the policy makers of the Republican Party?

Rep. Luce Gives A Clue

I think we get a substantial clue from Rep. Clare Luce, to use House parlance from the very articulate gentlewoman from Connecticut. Rep. Luce received a brief note from a man who described himself as "a good American of Finnish ancestry" asking what she thought about the future of Finland. She told him all right in a letter more than 3,000 words long, which she likes so much that she inserted it in the Congressional Record.

Rep. Luce, who will make one of the major policy speeches at the Republican convention, said that the Finnish government was not only blameless in the war of 1939-40 but was ruthlessly attacked in 1941 and had no other alternative than to go to war with the Soviet Union. "What could the Finns do under those circumstances?" she asks. "What could America do? What did America do under very similar circumstances do at Pearl Harbor?"

The Finns were fully justified in turning down the recent Soviet peace terms which "constituted

an actual physical impossibility," Mrs. Luce says. And they were quite right in suppressing a Swedish-language paper which was reported to be pro-Allied.

"How would Americans feel if a Russian-language newspaper which favored the Japanese, because Russia is still on cordial terms with Japan, were being published in America?" Mrs. Luce asked. "We should suppress such a paper instantly. Isn't there every justification for Finland to suppress a publication which supports the countries which are at war with her and will not give her possible terms for peace?"

Poor, Poor Finland, Her Constant Sob

Finland, Mrs. Luce says, "is as much a victim of aggression as Poland, Belgium, the Netherlands" or any of the small countries and "is not on the side of the Axis, but on the side of all free peoples everywhere." Mrs. Luce wrote her letter before the State Department handed walking papers to Finnish Minister Procope. I presume she would have preferred that Soviet Ambassador Gromyko had been given his passport.

Does this mean that Mrs. Luce is opposed to international organization after the war? Not at all—if you take her word for it. She would be the first to tell you that she is no isolationist. On the contrary, it is her argument that we can persuade the Russians that we will work with them so closely and so realistically in drawing up the pattern of a secure and peaceful postwar world that there will be no need for Russia to deprive its neighbors of freedom in order to safeguard its own frontiers. It is just sheer ignorance on the part

of the Russians that they don't understand how much Mrs. Luce wants to work with them.

I submit that Mrs. Luce's fantastic position is in no sense exceptional. Sen. Styles Bridges of New Hampshire, the outstanding exponent of "internationalism" on the defeatist-dominated Republican steering committee in the Senate, takes essentially the same point of view. Bridges' anti-Soviet speeches now receive as much publicity in the Chicago Tribune as the tirades of Burton Wheeler. Mrs. Luce and Bridges started from different historical perspectives than the primitive isolationism of Col. McCormick. They have wound up with the same anti-Soviet imperialism.

Soviet Amity A Sin to GOP

There is no greater sin in the official black book of the GOP than to have been friendly to the Soviet Union. One of the principal red-baiting charges against Sidney Hillman in the recent blast of the Republican National Committee is that he has been "sympathetic with Soviet Russia."

I do not have space here to deal with the anti-British bias of the Republicans in Congress, nor even with Mrs. Luce's excursions into this field. But I think it is clear enough that the Republicans will write their plank on international cooperation with hatred and hostility for the principal nations with which this country will have to cooperate. This is the ideological baggage which the Republican platform-writers will take with them to Chicago. They will make a verbal bid for the votes of those who want to prevent another war, and will work unceasingly to undermine the foundations of world peace.

Worth Repeating

ALBERT E. KAHN, in an article I Accuse Martin Dies in Readers Scope magazine: Five-and-a-half years ago, The New World, the official organ of the Chicago diocese and the recognized spokesman for Cardinal Mundelein, declared regarding the Dies Committee: "If it is really a committee to investigate 'un-American activities,' it really should begin with an investigation of itself and the first witness should be the un-American Mr. Dies himself." I accuse Martin Dies of betraying the interests of the United States. I accuse Martin Dies of working against the security and welfare of his native land, and of collaboration with the fifth column. The time has come for the Department of Justice to conduct a full investigation of the activities of Martin Dies and the committee he heads.

Change the World

CONTINUING yesterday's interview with young Sergeant B., now home on furlough: He is tall, dark, tough and used to run a lingerie shop for the ladies of Brooklyn. Now he wears campaign ribbons for Pearl Harbor, Guadalcanal and the Solomons. Sergeant B. has seen plenty in the past three years. He was in the radio and signal corps.

"Combat teams go ahead, inch by inch through the jungle," he explained. "We run telephone wire after them, or work the walkie talkie for them. We keep communication open — a matter of life and death in any war."

"I remember one bad night on Guadalcanal. The radio wouldn't work—the jungle atmosphere was too dense. We had to run a telephone wire to some guys on Hill 27. Eight guys with tommy guns went along to protect us."

"The jungle was full of snipers. We managed to cover fifty yards in about an hour. Then two guys were hit by the snipers. A grenade got me in the side. Two guys went back for reinforcements. While we waited for hours there Jap mortar fire killed three more of our guys. None of us had slept for 36 hours before this job. We were half-paralyzed."



by Mike Gold

"What bothered me was that I was so scared I couldn't move, or speak. It wasn't only the wound in my side—I was badly scared. All of us were scared. Anyone who says you don't scare in battle is a liar. We were given five days in a rest camp at the rear after that one. We sure needed it."

"Was that your worst experience?" I asked.
"No," he answered. "The night at Munda was. I was with a bunch of new, inexperienced kids. We had made a beachhead, and the Japs fell back into the jungle. We followed and dug into foxholes for the night."

"The Japs could tell our fellows were new. They sent out their marine-commandos. These guys jumped in and out of the foxholes, stabbing and screaming in the dark. It was terrifying to young kids just out from the States. They didn't know how to act. Not many of us were killed; 150 were wounded, but the mental casualties were awful to see the next morning."

"A division of veterans from Guadalcanal landed the next day. They were enraged with what they heard and saw. They went after the Japs and captured the Munda field in eight days."

"What was your best experience in two years of war?"

"The months I spent in New Caledonia,"

said the young Sergeant. "The Red Cross there formed a literary circle which met once a week. Hospital cases like myself, fellows stationed there, soldiers on furlough. We published a little weekly; had a swell time reading to each other the poems, short stories and editorials we sweated out."

"New Caledonia is the shipping center of the war in the Southern Pacific. Big nickel mines are located there, owned by French and British capital. Our band of soldier-authors went to town denouncing terrible conditions under which Javanese and Tonkinese workers suffered at these mines."

"Guess you heard about that rape case on New Caledonia? Quite a few Negro troops are stationed there, and some swine introduced a touch of Georgia justice into the setup. That rape was a real frame-up."

"You never saw such fine, friendly relations as exist between the Negro troops and the natives, who are Melanesians and victims, too, of white supremacy. I never heard a single fight between them. As for rape—baloney!"

"They were damn good soldiers. I know of several cases of Negro soldiers with infected wounds or some serious ailment who went on working until they collapsed rather than appear to be shirking. There was one such case next to me in the hospital. That fellow almost died rather than be mistaken for a shirker."

Listen Here,



Mr. Editor

Mallon Looks for
The Luftwaffe

Brooklyn.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The Hearst henchman Paul Mallon is all stunner now because no one can find the German Luftwaffe. Mr. Mallon apparently has still been living on his own false Lindbergh dope, that the Nazi air force is invincible. When it doesn't come out and fight, he is all a-dither. So his column in the Journal American is "astounded." He doesn't figure that the Red Army has been giving the Luftwaffe a good dressing down. Hitler will still fight hard, we know, but the Hearst-Lindbergh idea that he could not be beaten is now exploded by our men's bravery and that of our allies.

J. S. S.

Praise for the
Seabees

Manhattan.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Some good words have been written here and there about the Seabees and their brave work for the American armed forces. I think more should be said and written. Many of these men are members in particular of the building trades unions of the American Federation of Labor, and they represent the real spirit of the AFL membership. A number of New York men are among them.

JERRY SCOTT.

D Day at
Mt. Eden Club

Bronx, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

I thought your readers might be interested in what the chairman of our Mt. Eden Club of the Communist Political Association, 125 E. 170 St. did on the morning of D Day. Before 11 o'clock of that memorable morning, Sara Licht had hurriedly organized a street prayer meeting on the corner of Walton Avenue and 170 St. Rev. Langstaff of the ME Church, a Rabbi and our own Isidore Begun addressed the meeting with prayers for the boys, and speeches explaining the full meaning of the day, and what we should do about contributing our part to the war effort. A few young women were stopped and asked to go to the storekeepers and have them close their shops for the duration of the meeting. Before long every shop was closed and a tremendous crowd had gathered. There wasn't a dry eye in the crowd, and people asked who this woman was who thought of the idea of organizing a neighborhood meeting.

ROSLYN F. WACHS.
Mt. Eden Club

Willkie and Hamilton

Brooklyn.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Wendell Willkie has a big opportunity to measure up at least to the stature of Alexander Hamilton. When the question of Jefferson versus Burr came before Hamilton, he made a momentous decision. He decided for Jefferson because that would serve and save the country. Willkie cannot very well be for Dewey, Bricker, or any possible GOP candidate. Why can he not, then, become of such magnificent patriotic mold as to come out for President Roosevelt? That is for Mr. Willkie to answer.

H.A.H.

The opinions expressed in these letters are those of the readers and not necessarily of the paper. We welcome letters from our readers and their friends on subjects of current interest. To facilitate the printing of as many letters as possible, and to allow for the free discussion, please limit letters to 300 words.

Toward Freedom

WENDELL WILLKIE'S current series of newspaper articles on what "should be" G.O.P. policy do more than reveal his own political dilemma. They also emphasize why his bid for the presidential nomination was so decisively rejected by the reactionary leadership which dominates the Republican Party, and why that leadership, in turn, will be repudiated by Negro and other citizens in the November elections.

Four of Willkie's seven articles have appeared when his is written. Each proposes measures fundamental to the welfare of the Negro people and the nation. Each is a strong indictment of leadership and, perhaps unwittingly, a powerful argument for a Roosevelt Fourth Term. Even the unprincipled Thomas Dewey will be tions" to fool many Negro voters.



By Doxey Wilkerson

rights" has become a main battle-cry of the congressional leaders and chief presidential aspirants of the Republican Party.

SECOND, Willkie urges that the "Republican Party in its platform and in the declarations of its candidates . . . commit itself unequivocally and specifically to Federal anti-poll tax and anti-lynching statutes." Federal legislation, he says, is "the only practical method by which the Negro's rights can be assured him."

This seems like futile advice to a party which is chiefly responsible for denying Negro schools the benefits of federal-aid-to-education, which is fresh from helping to defeat the Anti-Poll Tax Bill, and which conspires with southern congressmen even now to find a "safe" way to destroy FEPC.

Willkie will probably get some nice-sounding pro-Negro "declarations" in the Republican platform and from GOP candidates. Even the perfidious Thomas Dewey will be eager to oblige. But the Republican record is far too sullied for such demagogic "declarations" to fool many Negro voters.

THIRD, Willkie asks the Republican Party to sponsor a comprehensive federal program of social security measures, guaranteeing "protection against old age, illness and economic misfortune . . . for everyone."

FIRST, Willkie urges the Republican Party to abandon its advocacy of the doctrine of "states rights," the historical bulwark of reaction in its efforts to block progressive federal legislation. Southern Poll-Tax Democrats once had a virtual monopoly on "states' rights" demagogic, using it to defeat bills designed to protect Negro democratic rights.

But all that is now changed. "States'

GOP Bosses Won't Like Willkie Postwar Views

By MAX GORDON

In the sixth of his articles on what the GOP platform should contain, Wendell Willkie advances the basic economic thesis of the Atlantic Charter and of the Teheran Conference decisions as applied to the United States; namely, that our own post-war economic prosperity depends upon the prosperity of the rest of the world.

Willkie uses almost the same language as President Roosevelt used when he addressed Congress after his return from the Teheran Conference.

Like the President, Willkie also makes the point that there are some people here who believe that economic development of other nations is a threat to our own prosperity and hence oppose it.

Discussing tariff, currency and credit problems from the point of view of this necessity to aid the economic well-being of all nations, Willkie makes the point that these problems cannot be ap-

proached today as they were in the past. Their solution now is as indispensable for our future peace and security, he says, as political and military solutions.

THE KEY TO THE ISSUE

There can be little doubt about that. Unless, for instance, we solve the problem of postwar jobs and production, we face the danger of rampant imperialism and fascism taking over. But, as Earl Browder shows in his new book, Teheran, postwar jobs and production depend upon the development of a huge foreign market for our goods. The development of that foreign market depends upon the granting of credits, for which currency stabilization is indispensable. It also depends eventually upon expansion of our imports and our tariff policies must be adjusted accordingly.

Willkie is required, by the nature of his articles, to call upon the Republican Party to accept his program. And no doubt many Republicans do accept it. But what is the situation insofar as the Republican leadership is concerned?

As regards the past, Willkie

mentions the fact that the Smoot-Hawley tariff, passed during the Hoover regime, was the highest in our history and created worldwide repercussions against us. That tariff was the expression of the rampant imperialist policies followed by the Hoover regime. Hoover is still very much around, will speak at the Republican convention and all evidence points both to the fact that he hasn't changed much and that the GOP is still very much in his grip.

Thus, for instance, in recent weeks Sen. Kenneth Wherry, Republican Senate whip, has urged opposition to the Hull reciprocal trade treaties, the purpose of which is to open wide the channels of trade.

Sen. Robert A. Taft, head of the Senate Republican caucus and chairman of the GOP convention Resolutions Committee, has attacked the world currency conference called by the President for next month. He has demanded, instead, that America make direct agreements with individual countries to advance "our own" interests.

The entire GOP bloc in the

House a week ago last Saturday knifed the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration by eliminating \$350,000,000 of its appropriation. UNRRA is a vital line in the rehabilitation of the striken economies of postwar Europe.

The various attacks upon Administration policy as fostering an "international WPA," as making us the "Santa Claus of the world" are expressions of hostility to the underlying thesis advanced by Willkie regarding the relationship between our prosperity and the economic well-being of the rest of the world.

Meanwhile, the President has been steadily developing the necessary machinery to promote this economic well-being. UNRRA is one aspect of this. The world currency conference is another. So are the Hull reciprocal trade treaties.

The guarantee that this crucial aspect of postwar peace and security will be realized is the re-election of FDR and the defeat of the Hooverites.

(Willkie's seventh article will be discussed tomorrow, with comments on the entire series.)

Page 7

Buck Explains CCF Saskatchewan Win

TORONTO, June 18.—The 52 percent majority won by the Canadian Commonwealth Federation in the Saskatchewan provincial elections last Thursday proves that the people want sweeping postwar reforms and full employment which they do not believe the Tories can provide, Tim Buck, Labor Progressive Party leader said here today.

Pointing out that Saskatchewan, north of Montana and North Dakota, is an impoverished agricultural province, Buck warned the CCF not to rely on comparable majorities in the eastern provinces which will choose two thirds of all legislators in the federal elections expected sometime this summer or fall.

"Reflection will show that for the CCF to use its Saskatchewan victory as a reason for rejecting a policy of unity with other labor-farmer forces, and the main democratic forces of the Liberal Party, would assist only the electoral victory of the Tories," he pointed out.

Buck declared further that in order to help the people of Saskatchewan, the CCF must "set aside Utopian shibboleths."

Doctrinaire "socialism-or-nothing" policies, he said, would help the Tories and "actually destroy the hopes of those who voted for progress on June 15."

The new premier of Saskatchewan, Buck noted, has already been compelled to recognize that "socialism is not the issue of the day."

His 12-point post-election program deals with improving things within the framework of the present system.

The Liberals, who have a monopoly of the Canadian federal government now, must learn from the Saskatchewan experience not to rely on machine politics.

Prime Minister Mackenzie King must "put more vigor into his war leadership and preparation for post-war unity," Buck declared.

If the Liberals do not strengthen the government and come closer to labor and farmer forces, Buck warned, the Tories will benefit.

The powerful movement launched in Saskatchewan is fundamentally part of a great democratic impulse in Canada which is not confined to the CCF, Buck concluded.

"It must" be organically united with all those forces on a national scale—labor, farmer, middle class and capitalist—who are fighting and working for a speedy victory and for far-reaching postwar reforms within the framework of the present system and continuing world collaboration through the United Nations Alliance.

The Tories are threatening to capture power in the next general elections, relying upon their hold on the Ontario province government and their alliance with pro-fascist forces in Quebec, Buck declared, only Liberal-Labor-CCF unity can defeat them.

Colombia Communist Bids Farewell to N. Y.

BY MAXINE LEVI

A thin, bronzed, eagle-faced man with a serious manner, Augusto Duran, the Communist senator and party secretary from Colombia, seldom unbends. But when he left here Wednesday night there was genuine regret in his face. He liked New York. He was thrilled by the convention of the Communist Political Association, learned much from long and earnest talks with CPA president Earl Browder. Now he is on his way back to Colombia, traveling by air.

Colombia, he said with pride, is a beautiful country. Soon it will be a modern and fully democratic country too.

Duran told me how the whole labor movement, headed by the Colombian Confederation of Labor and the Communist Party, has argued, demonstrated and fought to convince President Alfonso Lopez to remain in office. They understand he represents progress and his enemies pro-Axis reaction.

Last month after a tremendous popular mobilization, the Colombian Senate rejected Lopez' resignation. Now the President is proving the correctness of the trust labor has in his administration.

President Lopez, not long ago, an-

WHAT'S ON

RATES: What's On notices for the Daily and The Worker are 25¢ per line (6 words to a line—3 lines minimum).

DEADLINE: Daily at 12 noon. Far Sunday, Wednesday at 4 P.M.

Coming

FILM SHOWING of "Wake Island," last part in Development of American Nation Film Series. Joseph Starobin, foreign editor of Daily Worker, will act as commentator. David Platt, chairman, Wednesday, June 21st, at 8:30 p.m. at Tom Mooney Hall, 13 Astor Pl., NYC. Single admission 75¢, including tax.

NEGRO FREEDOM RALLY, Madison Square Garden, Monday, June 26. Pageant "New World A-Coming." Noted speakers Ellington, Primus, others. Tickets, \$1.00—308 Lenox Ave., Bookstore.

Philadelphia, Pa.

BOOK REVIEW party for Browder's book "Teheran, Our Path in War and Peace," Sunday evening, June 25th, at 310 S. Juniper St. Featuring Sam Putnam's analysis and review by Walter Lowenfels; Harold Collins, chairman. Skits by Paul Robeson Group. Prizes for clubs completing June quota, and individuals selling most books. Refreshments, dancing. Auspices Locust Bookshop.

Franco Victim To Be Honored

Rescued from Franco's grim concentration camps where the death penalty hung over his head, Carlos Lopez Macetu, who arrived here two weeks ago, will be the principal speaker at Friendship for the Spanish People Conference Wednesday, June 21, 8 p.m. at Hotel Commodore. The Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee, sponsor of the gathering, obtained Lopez' release through the intervention of the State Department.

Other speakers are Thomas Christensen of the National Maritime Union, Charles Collins, chairman of the Negro Labor Victory Committee and Helen R. Bryan, committee secretary. The International Workers Order will be represented.

Delegates applications can still be made at the committee's office, 192 Lexington Ave., MU 3-0180.

Backs Trade Unions

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, June 18.—President Teodoro Picado, addressing the recent constituent meeting of the Pacific Railway Union here, reaffirmed his program of defending democracy by "social unity such as exists between the Confederation of Costa Rican Workers and the government."

Argentine Plots New 'Pearl Harbor'

All reports from South American capitals say that Argentina is arming feverishly. And her fascist leaders, like Col. Juan Peron, the minister of war, are going up and down that unhappy country declaring that "war is inevitable" for Argentina. On June 10, a special chair was instituted at La Plata university for war education purposes. And Gen. Edelmiro Farrell, president of the dictatorship, fills the air waves with the same kind of talk.

Now if Argentina were ready to carry out her continental pledges and join with the United Nations against the Axis, such talk would be not only understandable, but necessary. The fact is that Peron and Farrell, despite their formal rupture of relations with Germany and Japan, are saying that it does not matter which side the war.

Since nobody in this hemisphere can attack Argentina or desires to, it's obvious that Argentina is planning to attack somebody else. To head off the anti-fascist movement at home, Argentina seeks adventure abroad. And that can only mean a diversion against the United States and the United Nations in the midst of the most critical battles in Europe and Asia. Only Hitler would be interested in that.

Open preparations for war are certainly not the internal affair of the Argentine people, as Sumner Welles, the former under-secretary of state, has been claiming, in his plea for recognition of the dictatorship. It's now plain that this plea from Mr. Welles has only encouraged the Farrell-Peron crowd.

Latin America is faced, therefore, with a deliberate, systematic, and altogether open threat of the most serious kind. The United States ought to take the lead in meeting this threat by a manifold program.

First would be an understanding with Great Britain, leading to unified Anglo-American economic sanctions against Argentina.

Second would be support to Argentine democracy, and its underground—such open support that sections of the Argentine army could be won to unite with the people and overthrow the Farrell-Peron crowd.

Unless we do that—and utterly reject Welles' advice—we'll wake up one morning to find a full-scale second front against us in this very hemisphere.

Argentina Aims Bloc at Brazil

By Allied Labor News

MONTEVIDEO, June 18.—The Argentine Colonels Lodge (GOU) constitutes an ever-increasing menace of war to neighboring countries, reports reaching here from Buenos Aires last week indicate. It is trying to build a regional bloc of nations aimed against Brazil, the only South American country whose troops are at the Allied front.

Col. Juan Peron, labor minister and strong man of the GOU, revealed his fascist attitude more clearly than ever at the La Plata University on June 10.

In language reminiscent of Hitler's early speeches, he said: "War is an inevitable social phenomenon. If nations wish peace they must prepare for war. War is of total character embracing all phases of national life."

The General Confederation of Workers here (UGT) has called upon the Committee for Political Defense, a consultative body of the American Republics, to "initiate immediate consultations to effect a total break with the GOU."

Russians believe that new reserve divisions, now being rapidly organized as Polish territory is freed of Nazis, will be even better in quality.

Reports from the Ukrainian front say that liberated Poles are flocking to join up and the rate of enlistments sometimes reaches a thousand a day. Additional thousands are being led to recruiting centers by partisans. One battalion is composed wholly of Polish women tommy-gunners who do convoy and sentry duty.

TONIGHT NEGRO SALUTE

to the Fighting Jews of Europe at Town Hall, 123 W. 43rd St.

Featuring

Muriel Smith Mary Lou Williams
Aubrey Pankey Billy Holliday
Teddy Wilson Wilma Gray
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Eddie Hayward Canada Lee
Luther Saxon Lucky Millinder
Glenn Bryant and Band

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Pain is soothed as stray dog licks the hand of an Allied soldier, wounded in the Normandy beachhead fighting. Soldier is awaiting transport to England aboard an RAF plane.

Liverpool Chinese Seamen Aid Guerrillas

Sending more than \$1,500 to Mme Sun Yat-sen for aid to China's guerrilla fighters, the Chinese Seamen's Mutual Aid Association,

meeting recently in Liverpool called for an end to the "inhuman blockade" of the guerrilla area. Its resolutions, sent from England to the China Daily News here last week, also demanded full political and trade union freedom



We Greet the

NEGRO FREEDOM RALLY

MADISON SQ. GARDEN, MON. EVE., JUNE 26

THE unity of Negro and white which this great meeting will serve to promote, has already found full expression within our organization. Americans of all races, creeds, colors join the IWO, share in its benefits, participate in its social and cultural activities and are elected to office—all on a basis of complete equality. That is why hundreds of Negroes are joining our Order to enjoy the fraternal life and obtain the benefits of our low-cost (non-profit) insurance.

We are proud to add our endorsement of the Rally to those of other progressive organizations.

Join the

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER

National Office

30 Fifth Avenue New York 11, N. Y.



The LOWDOWN

Robeson Jr. a Splendid All-Around Athlete

Nat Low

The vast majority of the few hundred fans who braved the terrible sun on Saturday to witness the running of the 56th annual national track championships at Randall's Island were oblivious to the small drama taking place when a tall, wonderfully built Negro youngster took his initial leap over the bar in the high jump.

The youngster was Paul Robeson Jr., who was participating in his first national AAU meet as a representative of Springfield Technical High School in Massachusetts.

It is always interesting to watch a promising young athlete make his big time debut but in this it was even more memorable—from many viewpoints.

For one thing, father and son combinations in sports have been uniquely rare. There is no official list of course, but offhand one can say that few great athletes have had sons who were likewise stars in sports.

If Paul Robeson Jr. fulfills his rich promise the Robesons, Senior and Junior, may well take their place as the most splendid father and son team in American athletic history.

There is little need here to recount the feats of Paul Robeson. Suffice to say that he won 14 letters at Rutgers, made All-American in football two years running and was recently called by none other than Lou Little, "the greatest football player of all time."

Paul Robeson Jr., more intimately known as Paul, is 16 years old, stands an even six feet and weighs 185 pounds. He is a strikingly handsome boy with a warm smile and a maturity one rarely finds in a sixteen-year-old.

On Thursday evening he graduated with honors from Springfield Tech, the principal declaring, "It was the greatest honor to have Paul Robeson Jr. as a student of our school." When he strode to the platform to receive his diploma the assembled students and guests afforded him a sustained and enthusiastic ovation.

He won four letters in school, excelling in football, basketball, baseball and track. He was one of the leaders of the student body, won innumerable scholastic awards and is a leading member of the American Youth for Democracy in Springfield.

Next month he enters Cornell University where he will study engineering, besides playing football and "going out for indoor and outdoor track."

This is the same Paul who spent his childhood in the Soviet Union, returning to the United States in 1940.

Participating in his first AAU junior championships, Paul finished in a tie for third, clearing the bar at 6 feet 4 inches (the best he's done to date) despite a bone bruise on the heel of his leg.

Although he failed to clear 6' 5" he showed enough to guarantee he will be fighting for the American championship within a few years. He's an enormously big fellow for 16, with great shoulders, a tapering waist and strong lithe legs.

He's a magnificent jumper but is a far more promising football player. "I play fullback and am used mostly as a plunger on offense while backing up the line on defense."

He is very fast as well as powerful and will probably be a terror in the Cornell backfield this year or next despite his age.

After he had failed at his third attempt to clear 6' 5" (he got his body over but nicked the bar with his heel) he shook hands all around and joined us in the stands.

It would be asking too much perhaps, to expect Paul to do all the things his illustrious dad has done, but we have an idea he'll do plenty on his own hook, especially in football.

And wouldn't it be something for the Robesons to be the only father and son All-Americans in grid history?

Wyatt's Return Fine News for the Dodgers

By Phil Gordon

The Brooklyn Dodgers, who have been straggling along for one-third of the campaign without the expert services of their mound main-stay, Whit Wyatt, are happy over every win they can pick up. But Saturday's ninth-inning, 4-3 triumph over the seventh-place Phillies was doubly thrilling to the Flatbushers, who are some 10 games behind the St. Louis Cardinals pace-setters. It marked the Georgia right-hander's first entry on the credit side of his 1944 pitching ledger.

Wyatt's creditable victory made it a big day for Brooklyn. It marked the perfect ending to the Dodgers' most pressing problem.

The game was Whit's fifth start. Up to then, the Flatbush flinging ace had not recorded a victory; instead, he lost three times. The hurler who had pushed the team into a pennant in 1941 and gave it a respectable position in both 1942's and last year's National League standings, was now suffering from an ailing arm.

Following his inability to pitch during the early months of the season, Saturday's game became the test to determine whether the team the Cards.

Yanks Blanked By Hamlin in Opener, 4-0

Grizzled Luke Hamlin, who was sent down the river by the Dodgers two years ago, came to the Stadium yesterday and set back the Yanks with consummate ease in the opening game or a twin bill before 30,000 fans, winning for the Athletics, 4-0.

Hamlin gave up only four hits, two doubles by Johnny Lindell and two singles by Ossie Grimes comprising the total Yankee offensive while the A's were getting seven hits off Walt Dubiell who hurled for the Bronxites.

(The Yanks were losing the second game 6-1 in the fourth inning, the A's having belted lefty Joe Page for six runs in the opening frame).

It was Hamlin's second win as against five defeats this season.

Frank Hayes started the A's on their way in the second inning when he hit his eighth homer of the year with none on.

In the sixth inning the Mackmen really went to work to sew up the game. They tallied 3 times on four hits and an intentional walk.

Garrison opened with a single to left and went to second when Jo-Jo White beat out a bunt. Estelle then cracked a one baser to left and Garrison came across. Dick Siebert was intentionally walked to be followed by a single to center by Kell that brought in two more and the broncos.

RADIO

WMCA—570 Ke. WOR—660 Ke. WOZ—710 Ke. WNYC—830 Ke. WABC—880 Ke. WINS—1000 Ke. WHN—1030 Ke. WNEW—1130 Ke. WLBB—1190 Ke. WOV—1200 Ke. WEVD—1230 Ke. WBNY—1480 Ke. WQXR—1560 Ke.

11 A.M. TO NOON

11:00 WEAF—Road of Life WOR—News—Tro Harper WJZ—Breakfast With Breneman WABC—Honeymoon Hill 11:15 WEAF—Vic and Sade WOR—Jimmy Fidler—Talk WABC—Second Husband 11:30 WEAF—Brave Tomorrow WOR—Quiz Wizard WJZ—News; Baby Institute WABC—Bright Horizon 11:45 WEAF—David Harum WOR—What's Your Idea? WABC—Aunt Jenny's Stories

NOON TO 2 P.M.

12:00 WEAF—News; Music WJZ—Talk—Dr. Mark A. Dawber WABC—News; Kate Smith's Chat WMCA—News; Recorded Music 12:15 WOR—Jerry Wayne, Songs WJZ—Correspondents Abroad WABC—Big Sister

12:25 WJZ—News; Farm Home Hour 12:30 WEAF—U. S. Navy Band WOR—News; Juke Box Music WABC—Belen Trent

12:45 WABC—Our Gal Sunday

1:00 WEAF—Mary Margaret McBride WOR—News; Jack Berch, Songs WJZ—H. R. Bachauer, News WMCA—News; Recorded Music

1:15 WJZ—Woman's Exchange Show WABC—Mrs. Perkins

WMC—Talk—Frank Kingdon

1:30 WOR—Lopez Orchestra WABC—Bernardine Flynn, News WMCA—Recorded Music

1:45 WEAF—Morgan Beatty, News WJZ—Girl Back Home WABC—The Goldbergs

2 P.M. TO 6 P.M.

2:00 WEAF—The Guiding Light WOR—Talk—Martha Deane WJZ—News—Walter Kiernan WABC—Porla Faces Life WMCA—News; Recorded Music

3:15 WEAF—Today's Children WJZ—The Mystery Chef WABC—Joyce Jordan

3:30 WEAF—Woman in White WOR—News; Consumer Quis WJZ—Ladies, Be Seated WABC—Young Dr. Malone

3:45 WEAF—Hymns of All Churches WABC—Perry Mason

3:00 WEAF—A Woman of America WOR—The Black Castle WJZ—Morton Downey, Songs WABC—Mary Martin

WMCA—News; Recorded Music

3:15 WEAF—Mrs. Perkins

WOR—Sunny Skylar, Songs WJZ—Hollywood Star Time

WABC—News—Bob Trout

WMC—Broadway—Ethel Colby

3:30 WEAF—Pepper Young WOR—Dr. Eddy's Food Forum WJZ—Appointment With Life WABC—Now and Forever

WMCA—News; Recorded Music

3:45 WEAF—Right to Happiness WABC—The Jubalaires, Songs

4:00 WEAF—Backstage Wife WOR—Talk—John Gambling WJZ—Ethel and Albert WABC—Broadway Matinee

WMCA—News; Western Songs

4:15 WEAF—Stella Dallas WJZ—Don Norman Show

4:25 WABC—News; Recorded Music

4:30 WEAF—Lorenzo Jones—Sketch

The Adventures OF Richard —

All Aboard for Coney Island!

By Mike Singer

Anyone who tried to squeeze into a BMT torture box going to Coney Island on a hot Sunday knows how well off is the proverbial sardine by comparison. It was on such a day that No-Nose, Flekel, Menash and Richard went bathing. They took sub to the port side," one sailor said and Flekel, in the spirit of the game, draped the tire over No-Nose's head and said: "Swim for it, No-Nose."

"Dere's sharks in the water," No-Nose shouted. "Ahoy throw out the line," Richard screamed and the passengers who were standing on each other's corns were then given an exhibition of "Thirty Days on a Raft."

A fat man in shirt sleeves found himself blowing into the tube without knowing it and in shoving Menash off his lap scraped his arm against the sharp corner of the carriage awning.

"I'll throw you all out the window," he roared.

"Easy chum, easy," one of the sailors said. "These kids are shipmates."

"Yeah," No-Nose echoed, "we're Spats."

"SPARS, kid," the sailor corrected. The cattle-car finally wheeled into Coney Island.

That night I asked Richard: "Did you have a good time at the beach?"

"What beach?" Richard asked.

"The beach, sand, water, Coney Island," I hissed.

"Oh that," Richard answered. "We didn't go to the beach. It was too crowded."

Radio Concerts

6:15-8:55 P.M., WLBB—Great Classics 7-8 P.M., WNYC (also FM)—Masterwork Hour 8-9 P.M., WQXR (also FM)—Symphony Hall 8:30-9 P.M., WEAF (also FM)—Leonard Warren, baritone, and the Firestone Symphony Orchestra conducted by Howard Barlow

WOR—Stanley Orchestra; Annette Burford, Earl Palmer, Songs

WJZ—News—Westbrook Van Voorhis

WMCA—News; Recorded Music

4:45 WEAF—Young Widder Brown

WJZ—Sea Hound

WABC—Scott Orchestra

5:00 WEAF—When a Girl Marries

WOR—Uncle Don

WJZ—Terry and the Pirates

WABC—Eddie Dunn Show

WMCA—News; Recorded Music

5:15 WEAF—We Love and Learn

WOR—Chick Carter

WJZ—Dick Tracy

5:30 WEAF—Just Plain Bill

WOR—Adventures of Tom Mix

WJZ—Jack Armstrong

WABC—Bob Trout, Major George Fielding, Eliot, News

WMCA—News; Sports Talk

5:45 WEAF—Front-Page Farrell

WOR—Superman

WJZ—Captain Midnight

WABC—Wilderness Road

6 P.M. TO 9 P.M.

6:00 WEAF—News Reports

WOR—Sydney Moseley, News

WJZ—John B. Kennedy, News

WABC—Quincy Howe, News

WMCA—News; Music; Talk

6:15 WEAF—Serenade to America

WOR—Invasion Scenes

WJZ—Roy Harrigan

WABC—Lyn Murray Orchestra

6:30 WOR—Frank Singler

WJZ—Who's War Is This?

WABC—Arthur Godfrey Show

WMCA—World News Round-up

6:40 WEAF—Sports—Bill Stern

6:45 WEAF—Lowell Thomas

WOR—Sports—Stan Lomax

WJZ—Henry J. Taylor, News

WABC—The World Today—News

WMCA—Talk—Frank Kingdon

6:55 WABC—Joseph C. Harsch, News

WOR—Bill Cunningham, News

WJZ—Horace Heidt Orchestra

WABC—I Love a Mystery

WMCA—News; Recorded Music

7:15 WEAF—News—Robert St. John

WOR—The Answer Man

WABC—Dateline: Rome

7:30 WEAF—Roth Orchestra; Chorus

WOR—Louis Scloli Show

WJZ—Lone Ranger

WABC—Blondie

WMCA—Johannes Steel, News

7:45 WE

Film Front

By David Platt

Hollywood writers, directors and producers are beginning to learn from the documentary films put out by the War Department and the Office of War Information that straight reporting of the facts can be many times more thrilling and dramatic and more popular than any hopped up detective or love story of the war.

Thanks to documentaries like *Battle of Russia*, *The Negro Soldier*, *The Memphis Belle*, *Battle of Tarawa*, *Report from the Aleutians*, *Attack*, the Hollywood enacted war films have improved tremendously in the last year or two. Intelligent application of the documentary technique is largely responsible for the mature realism and artistic success of such films as *Destination Tokyo*, *Mission to Moscow*, *None Shall Escape*, *The Hitler Gang*, *The Sullivans*, *Eve of St. Mark*, *Tender Comrade*.

One key figure in the movie world refuses to concede that the era of blatant commercialism is on its last legs. That man is Cecil B. DeMille, father of the cheesecake film, the first to introduce pretty girls in bathtub scenes. I saw the great master's latest production, *The Story of Dr. Wassell* the other night. It will take me several weeks to get the hokum out of my hair.

A DEFEATIST FILM

The Story of Dr. Wassell—DeMille's story is a farcical and defeatist account in Shangri-La Technicolor, of the exploits of the famous Arkansas small-town doctor who went to China and the Pacific to help out in the war. President Roosevelt referred to Dr. Wassell in a radio fireside chat in 1942, praised him highly for his super-human effort in successfully evacuating a group of wounded American soldiers from Japanese-held Java. It was a magnificent theme for a movie, but as luck would have it, it fell into the hands of a producer whose ideas about art are limited to leg-art. DeMille sexed up the story, piled on the horrors of war, added comedy relief. The result is mayhem on a great American hero.

I am not exaggerating when I say that The Story of Dr. Wassell is on a par with a Hearst editorial on the war in the Pacific. The only thought in the minds of the wounded men is to get back to the United States as fast as possible. A love affair between an American sailor and a Javanese girl is not permitted to develop normally. There is more than a suggestion of white superiority in this relationship. The Javanese girl is a hard-working nurse on our side. But to the American soldier she is less than dirt. In a fit of anger he tells her he wouldn't "trade one lump of Arkansas mud for you and a thousand like you." His apologies are weak. I can't imagine anyone but a very stupid or a very malicious person passing this insulting scene for production.

Gary Cooper and Laraine Day express nothing but blanks all through the picture. The only honest moment is at the beginning where the commander of the crippled cruiser *Marblehead* fights furiously against being removed from his ship. From there on The Story of Dr. Wassell is a crude mixture of defeatism, comedy, violence and sex. The comedy is all over the place even under the tables in the midst of a destructive air-raid. Every time a bomb falls a belly laugh is sure to follow. A characteristic shot is the tantalizing bit of leg-art applied to the uncovered limb of a wounded young girl. The comedian's only comment is to pop his eyes. That's the way the master sees the war. Wait 'till the father of the cheesecake film opens that pile of mail from the men in the foxholes. He'll change.

FUND DRIVE NOTE

Sam Putnam thinks he has us scared with his threat to raise \$500 for the fund drive by July 8—the date of Mother Bloor's 82nd birthday. On second thought I am scared. The power of the printed page is great and so is the name of Mother Bloor. I see where stern measures

Cecil B. DeMille—Father Of the Cheesecake Film

will be needed to prevent a complete rout on the film front. We'll begin by asking a question. Are you planning a party for the fund drive? If so you'll need some entertainment. That's where we come in.

Film Front in cooperation with a 16mm movie exhibitor will provide an exciting 50-minute program of one, two and three-reel sound films for \$11.00 weekdays and \$13.50 week-ends. For this you will get the films, the projector, the screen and a man to run the machine. If you think it will help, we'll come along and introduce the program. The only catch is that you credit the column with the proceeds. Does it sound interesting? To make the arrangements all you have to do is pick up the telephone and call Film Front, ALgonquin 4-7954. This is our standing in the fund drive to date:

TOTAL RECEIVED:
Group of UOPWA workers \$13.00
J. L. 5.00
Sol Shapire 2.00
Total \$20.00

'Show Business' Art Exhibit

Show Business, an exhibition of paintings of theatre, movie and night life by noted American artists—including Doris Lee's portrayals of "Oklahoma" and Thomas Benton's mural of Hollywood—will open today (Monday, June 19th) in the Associated American Artists Galleries at 711 Fifth Avenue.

Scenes of "The Surrey With the Fringe on Top," "Oh, What a Beautiful Morning!" and others from "Oklahoma," caricatures of Jimmy Savo and Ed Wynn, backstage and footlight portrayals by Don Freeman, and drawings made by Thomas Benton on the Twentieth Century-Fox lot in Hollywood are included.

The "Oklahoma" paintings originally created for Life Magazine, were loaned to the exhibition by Richard Rodgers, Oscar Hammerstein II, and Lawrence Langner and Theresa Helburn of the Theatre Guild.

The works are not confined to stars alone. Portrayed are technicians, directors, band leaders, musicians, property men, and their life in show business.

WAKE ISLAND AT MOONEY HALL

The Paramount film *Wake Island* with Brian Donlevy will be presented by the Daily Worker Film Dept. Wednesday, 8:30 p.m. at Tom Mooney Hall. This is the final program in the series of films with commentators on the Development of the American Nation. Joseph Starobin, foreign editor of the Daily Worker will be the speaker.

Negro Freedom Rally

The Negro Freedom Rally which will be held at Madison Square Garden on Monday evening, June 26, has been endorsed by the Morning Freiheit Association. Alexander Bittman, executive secretary of the Morning Freiheit Association, addressed the following statement to the sponsors of the rally:

"The Morning Freiheit Association is happy to endorse the Negro Freedom Rally which will be held at Madison Square Garden, on Monday evening, June 26.

"The enemies of the Negro people, the promoters of 'white supremacy' and the champion of the polltax, disseminate the enemy doctrine of Hitler's racial superiority in our midst. Their work helps the enemy.

"The Negro Freedom Rally is a rally for the freedom of the American nation as a whole. Our boys, black and white, are now facing the supreme test in the invasion of Europe. Never in the history of our nation has unity been as imperative. The Negro Freedom Rally, which will strike a blow for the unity of the Negro people.



WILLIAM AVSTREIH, New York artist stands beside his oil painting which will be presented to B. G. DeSylva, Executive Producer of Paramount Pictures by Fraternal Outlook, official organ of the International Workers Order and the National Film Dept. of the Order, in recognition of the outstanding services rendered to organized labor and to the war effort by the production of *The Hitler Gang*.

A Cooperative Music Guide

By LOUIS KANTOROVSKY

Giuseppe Verdi's *La Traviata* was sung by the Mascagni Opera Guild last Sunday night, in another of their weekend presentations of Grand Opera, at the Community Center on West 89th Street.

Madame Josephine La Puma, the Guild's Artistic Director has gathered together a group of singers, dancers and musicians who sing and play because they love it. The Guild was formed to give young singers an opportunity to obtain complete Opera experience and has its own theater, chorus, ballet, soloists, orchestra and conductors.

The Guild is a co-operative organization, and everyone helps with the scenery, the sewing of costumes and the mailing of programs and tickets.

La Traviata, which literally means, the unfortunate and lost one, tells the story of Violetta, a fashionable lady of Paris, who finding at last a man, Alfredo, who really loves her, abandons her gay life and goes away with him. Alfredo's wealthy family cuts him off and upon the urgencies of his father Violetta decides to sacrifice the happiness she has always craved, and leaves her lover.

Alfredo, not knowing why she has left him, is furious and vows he will have vengeance. In the last act, Violetta, who is dying of consumption, has a few moments of happiness, as she consoles her lover who now understands what has happened, and his distraught father who has accepted her too late. The libertine was taken from the celebrated novel "The Lady of the Camellias" by Alexandre Dumas, the younger.

OPERA WELL PERFORMED

Miss Alice Tate soprano sang and portrayed Violetta with fine feeling and understanding of her role, and was well supported by other members of the cast. The chorus was very effective, and the conductor

SEATS AVAILABLE AT BOX OFFICE '1 to \$3

THE THEATRE GUILD presents THE MARGARET WEBSTER PRODUCTION

Monday's Calendar

Stadium Concert Opening—Fritz Kreisler, violin. Bizet's Overture, La Patrie; Haydn's Symphony No. 3 in D; Liszt's Les Preludes; Tchaikovsky's Violin Concerto in D. Lewisohn Stadium; 8:30.

Book Find Club News

The Firing Squad by the exiled Czechoslovakian author, Franz Weiskopf, will be released to members of Book Find Club June 20th, prior to the publisher's publication date.

Better than any novel of this age The Firing Squad penetrates the heart and mind of the German soldier and shows us what went into the making of the German Army. William Blake, noted author and economist, says of this selection . . . it is a masterpiece of integrity . . . On the eve of that issue between the Nazis and the United Nations which must end their frightful dominion, this book is a guide to conflict and its lessons will survive into the peace."

This book will be available at the regular membership price of \$1.35. For further information write to Book Find Club 480 Lexington Avenue, New York, 17, N. Y.

Screen Writer Confers With Sister Kenny

Dudley Nichols, who will write and produce the story of Sister Kenny for RKO Radio Pictures, has been in New York this week conferring with the noted Australian nurse, famous for her method for infantile paralysis treatment.

Movie Studio Rallies Behind Bond Drive

War Bonds to the amount of \$4,000,000 have been purchased by RKO in conjunction with the Fifth War Loan Drive according to notification from Malcolm Kingsberg, company treasurer.

MOTION PICTURES

Russia's Guerrilla Armies in Action!
Peoples Avengers
COMMENTARY BY NORMAN CORWIN
STANLEY

Cont. from 9 a. m. 7th Ave. bet. 42nd & 43rd sts.

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50th St. & 6th Ave. - Doors Open 8:45 A.M.
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Irene DUNNE - Alan MARSHAL
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
Gala Stage Show - Symphonic Orchestra
Picture at: 10:15, 1:15, 4:30, 7:30, 10:30
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THE SEARCHING WIND
Eves. 2:40. Mat. WED. and SAT. 2:40
FULTON, 46th St. W. of B'way. CL. 6-0380
AIR-CONDITIONED

Late Bulletins

We Repel Blow at Marianas

PEARL HARBOR, June 18 (UPI).—American invasion forces at Saipan repulsed a Japanese amphibious counterattack on Thursday, sinking 13 barges loaded with troops, as the enemy sought desperately to halt the American advance toward Garapan, administrative seat of the strategic Marianas, it was revealed today.

There was no mention in Niimitz' communiqué of the progress of the American marines and veterans.

American army forces which invaded the island 1,496 miles southeast of Tokio on Wednesday.

Previously, the Central Pacific commander had reported that the American forces had inched their way almost to the outskirts of Garapan, reaching the edges of Aslito airdrome.

Garapan had a pre-war population of more than 10,000 people. It is on the western coast of the island and would be the first Japanese city to fall to U. S. forces.

Yugoslav Premier, Tito Agree

LONDON, June 18 (UPI).—Dr. Ivan Subasic, new Yugoslav Premier, has conferred for three days in Yugoslavia with Marshal Tito and agreement has been reached on many questions leading toward the unification of resistance forces in the country, an Allied headquarters announcement at Algiers said tonight.

News of the meeting was made public shortly after the Free Yugoslav Radio had announced in a broadcast that Tito had smashed the seventh German offensive against his men, 8,000 German and Quisling troops were killed.

Subasic and Tito conferred June

14 to 17, the statement said and accord has been reached on many problems. Yugoslav-Allied relations have been strengthened and the Yugoslav fight against the Germans aided.

Mead Wires CPA Head He'll Back FEPC

Sen. James M. Mead, (D-NY) yesterday wired assurance to Gilbert Green, president of the New York State Communists, that he would urge adequate appropriations for the Fair Employment Practices Committee. Mead's wire answered an urgent message from the N. Y. Communist Political Association.

Full Unity Established By Italian Trade Unions

Italian Communist, Catholic and Socialist trade unions have amalgamated into a single General Confederation of Italian Labor, marking the first time Italy has had a united labor movement, according to a Naples cable received in Washington Friday by the Office of War Information.

If Luigi Antonini does manage a trip to Italy on his purported mission to "teach" Italian workers "democracy," he'll find a democratic united labor movement strong enough to crush any attempt he may make to divide and subvert Italian labor.

EQUAL REPRESENTATION

The new Workers Confederation is headed by a secretariat of three: Giuseppe Di Vittorio, Communist; Achille Grandi, Catholic, and Oreste Longobardi, Socialist.

Established in Rome since its liberation by the Allied armies, at a conference directly representing all trade unions and peasant unions in liberated Italy, and indirectly representing those in occupied Italy, the Confederation will have an executive committee of fifteen—five from each constituent organization: Catholic, Socialist and Communist.

The OWI correspondent describes an interview with the Communist general secretary, Di Vittorio, on this new unity which, he says, "is destined to have great repercussions not only in Italy but in all countries."

"The main reason for our agreement," Di Vittorio explained, "is the common concern of Catholics, Communists and Socialists to unify labor's forces, to strengthen them to the maximum in order to defend the

economic and moral interests of the workers.

"There will be a single national federation for each industry, single councils for each province and single provincial unions for each industrial category.

"The agreement established the broadest internal democracy in that all leading positions are to be elective; all members are to have full freedom to express their opinions, and no union is to be affiliated to any political party.

ALL UNIONS MERGE

"All unions previously constituted in liberated territory have agreed to merge into the Confederation. If any unions are organized now or later locally which are neither Catholic, Socialist or Communist, they will receive proportional representation on the executive committee.

"The immediate tasks of the Confederation are:

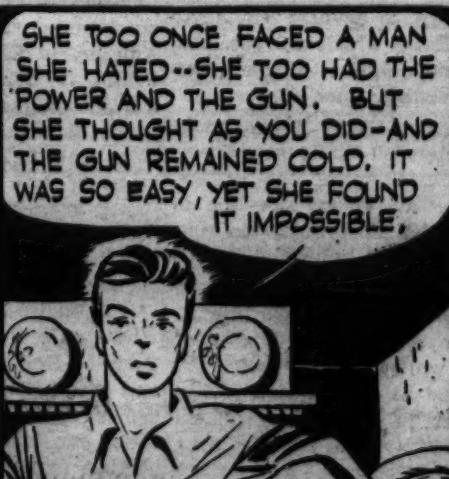
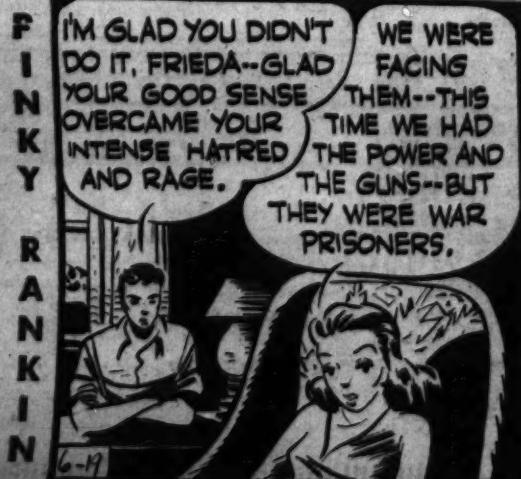
"1—Reorganization of the whole trade union movement under a single leadership.

"2—Defense of the immediate interests of the workers, the most active force in the war of liberation.

"3—To take every possible initiative to help in the country's reconstruction and in the reconstitution of the cooperative movement.

"We propose to carry out this program in the closest collaboration with the democratic government of liberated Italy and the Allied authorities.

"Complete labor unity in Italy the first country liberated by the Allied armies, augurs well for the path to be followed by workers all over the world."



Daily Worker

New York, Monday, June 19, 1944



More Supplies: An American battleship pours shells into enemy positions in France as it protects an LCT (left foreground) and other boats headed for the Allied beachhead in Normandy with reinforcements. As the Cherbourg Peninsula was cut off by Allied troops, heavy warships and thousands of other craft continually ferry supplies back and forth across the Channel

Soviet Soldiers Eagerly Follow Beachhead Battles in France

By JOHN GIBBONS

MOSCOW, June 18.—If I were asked what has been the outstanding event in the political life of the USSR during the past week, I would reply without a minute's hesitation, the cementing of the bonds of friendship between the people of Russia, the United States and Great Britain.

It is surely a landmark in Russo-American relations that three outstanding Americans addressed Russian audiences within the space of a week. Henry Wallace, speaking in Russian in the Siberian town of Novosibirsk said, "The northwestern part of the United States and Siberia have much in common. I would like the people of North Dakota, Montana and Washington, as well as the territory of Alaska to be able to see what I have seen here."

"The United States must understand how to industrialize their Northwest just as you have understood and industrialized Siberia." The applause which thundered in response to the Vice-President's call for closer collaboration between the two countries left no doubt as to the sentiment of his audience.

CEMENTING TIES

In Moscow, Eric Johnston's address before a representative gathering at the People's Commissariat of Foreign Trade made a remarkable hit with the press and the public. Seldom have I heard a speech of a foreign visitor commented on so favorably as Johnston's call for closer relations between the capitalist economy of the United States and the socialist economy of Soviet Russia.

The rafters rang with applause Monday afternoon at the opening of the Fortress Photo Exhibition when Ambassador W. Averell Harriman said, "Through the cooperation of the Red Air Force, Amer-

ican bombers hit enemy targets from Soviet bases. The air power of the Allies has been welded into one combined attack against the common enemy."

Then on Tuesday came Marshal Stalin's handsome tribute to the skill and daring of the Anglo-American soldiers and sailors who conquered what balked Great Napoleon and his inglorious corporal Hitler. Admiration of the Channel victory is as boundless in the cottage as it is in the Kremlin.

Tuesday I spent an enjoyable evening at the Scientific Club where a large audience listened to a concert of popular songs by Scott Clarke Carmichael and other American composers. Songs were interspersed with readings from the works of Jerome K. Jerome, Mark Twain and O'Henry, and judging by the rollicking response of the audience, the humor of the three great masters suffered no impairment by translation.

AIR CREWS FRATERNIZE

But of many manifestations of Russo-American friendship that I have seen in the recent past, the meeting on Soviet bases held by Fortress crews and men of the Red Air Force made the deepest impression of all.

This historic coming together in fighting companionship of the very cream of the youth of both countries was an unforgettable experience.

Boys from New-York, Chicago, Kansas, San Francisco fill with joy at the thought of being on the soil of the ally whom previously they had admired from afar. Their happiness was exceeded only by that of Russian pilots who were now seeing them in the flesh and shaking hands with lads whose bombing exploits they had followed daily in newspapers.

It was a meeting that augurs well for the future friendship of both countries.